

The most significant Roman monuments along the German Limes Route.

**BAD HÖNNINGEN**  
Starting point of the German Limes Route.

**1/// RHEINBROHL**  
Start of the Upper Germanic Limes (the provincial frontier between Lower Germania and Upper Germania), with its rebuilt watchtower and interactive museum RömerWelt.

**2/// NEUWIED**  
Forts in Heddesdorf and Niederbieber. Visible floor layout of the fort baths in Niederbieber. Late Antiquity castle in Engers. Remaining core building stone-work can be seen in the cellar of a residential complex and a reconstructed tower north of Oberbieber.

**3/// BENDORF**  
Traces of several wooden forts, baths and substantial parts of the settlement. Rebuilt tower on the Pulverberg.

**4/// HILLSCHIED**  
Rebuilt stone tower: with interior three floors used as a museum. Small fort on the heights north of Hillscheid.

**5/// ARZBACH-AUGST**  
Fort described on a plaque. Rebuilt Limes Tower on the "Großen Kopf".

**6/// BAD EMS**  
Oldest rebuilt watchtower in Germany on the Wintersberg. Roman finds from Bad Ems in the Kur- und Stadtmuseum.

**POHL**  
Replica of Roman small fort and watchtower, completion in 2011. Development as Limes Park with Limes Museum.

**7/// HOLZHAUSEN**  
Fort on the "Grauen Kopf". Well preserved foundations of the inner buildings in the woods. Restored in 1898, one of the smallest cohort forts on the Upper Germanic-Rhaetian Limes with an area of 1,4 hectare.  
Limes hiking trail in the Nassau Nature Park from Fort Holzhausen to Hillscheid.

**HEIDENROD**  
Archaeological circular hiking trail in the suburb Huppert. Observation tower with information about the Limes in the suburb Kemel.

**BAD SCHWALBACH**  
The only Limes inscription can be found on the Justinus-Felsen (rock) in the suburb Adolfsack.

**8/// TAUNUSSTEIN**  
Remains of fort "Zugmantel". Rebuilt stone tower and Limes section with rampart, moat and palisade.

**9/// IDSTEIN**  
Rebuilt observation tower WP 3/26 in the suburb Dasbach and Fort Alteburg areal in the suburb Heftrich.

**10/// FELDBERGKASTELL (SCHMITTEN)**  
The highest located Limes fort (700m) with extremely well preserved fortification foundations with 4 clearly recognisable fort gates. Flag sanctuary, parts of the commander's quarters and granary floor layout and other wall sections are not visible. The fort area is integrated into the circular route.

**11/// SAALBURG (BAD HOMBURG)**  
In 1897 Emperor Wilhelm II initiated the re-erection of cohort fort. Today, an archaeological park with research institute and museum for excavated finds from the Saalburg and other Taunus forts. Wooden and stone reconstructions: entry gate, granary, partially reconstructed commander's quarters, staff quarters with inner courtyard, bureaux, scriptorium, armouries, two garrisons and ovens. Parts of the baths and the guesthouse and two reconstructed patrol houses. Stone cellars along the Roman Road. Limes section with well preserved wall and ditch. Section of Limes rebuilt. Central Limes Information Centre Hesse.

**12/// KAPERSBURG (WEHRHEIM)**  
One of the best preserved forts in Hesse. Ruins of fort and baths, two preserved fortification gates, staff quarters flag sanctuary and parts of the heated scriptorium visible. Granary wall remains, preserved foundation walls of the thermal spring baths. Archaeological park open to the public.

**13/// OBER-MÖRLEN**  
Fort in the suburb Langenhain-Ziegenberg (no longer visible). Rebuilt watchtower on the "Gaulskopf".  
**14/// BUTZBACH**  
Rebuilt wooden watchtower. Foundation walls of stone tower preserved and a reconstructed Limes palisade section. Finds from the cohort fort and the civilian settlement in the Museum der Stadt Butzbach. Regional Limes Information Centre.

**15/// LICH-ARNSBURG**  
Cohort fort Alteburg. Parts of the north front with north west corner and fort gate visible. Most northern fort of the Wetteraubogens linked to the archaeological hiking trail.

**HUNGEN**  
Regional Limes Information Centre in the "Hof Graß".

**16/// ECHZELL**  
One of the largest forts on the Upper Germanic Limes. Military baths under the parish church, where several walls are visible in the cellar, while others are marked on the pavement in front of the church. Unique fort wall paintings now in the Saalburg Museum. Roman artefacts in the Heimatmuseum (local history museum). Regional Limes Information Centre.

**17/// FLORSTADT**  
Finds from fort Ober-Florstadt and Roman Denar treasure trove in the Wetteraumuseum in Friedberg. No traces of the fort above ground.

**ALTENSTADT-LIMESHAIN**  
Limes presented through various installations on the regional park route Limes.

**HAMMERSBACH**  
Former cohort fort in the suburb Marköbel. Preserved remains of the fort wall, finds of palisade stumps, a rebuilt palisade section and the fort baths floor layout outline.

**18/// ERLensee-RÜCKINGEN**  
Stone fort Altenburg. Preserved foundation walls of the fort baths in Kinzigniederung.

**19/// HANAU**  
Rampart of the wood-earth small fort visible by the Neuwirtshaus, Großauheim, signposted circular trail.

**20/// GROSSKROTZENBURG**  
Parts of the fortification wall visible. South west corner of the fort and corner tower modified in medieval times. Finds from the fort and civilian settlement in the Heimatmuseum (local history museum). Regional Limes Information Centre.

**21/// SELIGENSTADT**  
Most northern cohort fort on the older Main route (älteren Mainlinie) under today's historic city centre. Stones from the fort, et al. an inscription stone integrated into the Carolingian Einhardbasilika (Einhardt: Basilica). Further inscription stones in the adjoining cloister. Roman finds in the Landschaftsmuseum. Regional Limes Information Centre.

**22/// STOCKSTADT**  
Knowledge of several forts. Remains of the fort baths relocated to the park in Aschaffenburg-Nilkheim. In the civilian settlement (not visible) Dolichenus Relics and several Mithraic temples, beneficiary's station on the Main and wooden ship wharf. Finds in the Stiftmuseum in Aschaffenburg and in the Saalburg Museum.

**NIEDERNBERG**  
Replica of fountain mask (Silens), installed as a gargoyle and erection of the Marcellusstein (stone) near the find location. The fort gates are marked in the road surface.

**23/// OBERNBURG**  
Beneficiary consecration stone and finds from the former fort in the Roman Museum. The only visible watchtower remains of the Main Limes are located 2,5 kms south of the town.

**KLINGENBERG**  
Fort Trennfurt not visible above ground.

**24/// MILTENBERG AM MAIN**  
Wall remains of the so-called Altstadt-kastell. Museum with Roman finds: lapidarium and Teuton Stone.

**25/// WALLDÜRN-REINHARDSACHSEN**  
Small fort Haselburg.

**26/// WALLDÜRN**  
Fort not overbuilt (archaeological reserve). Fort baths, Limes Heritage Trail north of Walldürn. Town and Pilgrim Museum (Stadt und Wallfahrtsmuseum) with Roman artefacts.

**27/// BUCHEN-HETTINGEN**  
Small fort Hönehaus.

**BUCHEN**  
Replica of the palisade on the Lausenberg in the suburb Rinschheim. Roman fort finds in the Bezirksmuseum Buchen.

**28/// OSTERBURKEN**  
Double fort consisting of cohort and annexe fort, Roman Museum with local and regional finds as well as fort baths.

**29/// JAGSTHAUSEN**  
Open-air museum in the areal of the second fort baths. Small Roman finds, inscriptions and picture stones in the Schlossmuseum (castle museum) Götzzenburg and in the Friedrich-Krapf-Museum in the Alten Rathaus.

**30/// ÖHRINGEN**  
In the Weygangmuseum: Roman finds in Öhringen. Sculpture park with replicas and "Rendelstein". Section of Roman pillar with a mounted late medieval way-side shrine.

**31/// MAINHARDT**  
Cohort fort: with visible fort corner with tower. Museum with fort and civilian settlement artefacts.

**32/// GROSSERLACH-GRAB**  
Impressive Limes wall remains in the "Saugraben" area of the woods north of Grab. Unique Limes rebuilt Limes stone tower, palisade, ditch and rampart in a forest clearing with a Limes Heritage Trail.

**33/// MURRHARDT**  
Carl-Schweizer-Museum with fort and civilian settlement finds, as well as neighbouring Limes watchtowers.

**34/// WELZHEIM**  
With two forts, one of the most important garrisons on the outer Upper Germanic Limes. The east fort, with partially preserved perimeter and rebuilt west gate in original size. The whole fort area is today an archaeological park. North of Welzheim is the completely

excavated small fort Rötelsee. Roman artefacts in the municipal museum (Städtisches Museum Welzheim).

**35/// LORCH**  
Most southern base on the Upper Germanic Limes. Abbey Museum with Roman finds from the civilian settlements and burial ground.

**36/// SCHWÄBISCH GMÜND-GROSSDEINBACH**  
Border between the Roman provinces of Upper Germania and Rhaetia in the Rotenbachtal where the Rhaetian wall begins.

**37/// SCHWÄBISCH GMÜND**  
Limes Information Site with a landscape model and replicas of the Upper Germanic and Rhaetian Limes and wall remains of the fort baths. Museum in the "Prediger" with finds from the fort and baths. Relief of a water nymph.

**38/// BÖBINGEN**  
Foundations of the fort gate with gate towers and parts of the east wall.

**MÖGGLINGEN**  
North of Möggingen: One of the most impressive sections of the Rhaetian Limes, whose course is marked with a well preserved wall rampart.

**39/// AALEN**  
Fort: the largest Limes fort with 6 hectares inside area. Limes Museum on the fort site with selected artefacts and extensive presentation of research results of the Upper Germanic and Rhaetian Limes. The registred office of the Limes Information Centre Baden- Wuerttemberg with information office.

**HÜTTLINGEN**  
"Limesanlage am Kocher" with replica of palisade and wall.

**40/// RAINAU**  
Suburb Buch: fort baths and village with 2 excavated and preserved stone buildings. Fort layout made visible through planted hedges. Suburb Schwabsberg: preserved sections of the Limes wall, replica of a wooden Limes tower. Suburb Dalkingen: triumphal arch shaped Limes gate. Glass cube as protective cover, rebuilt gate made of printed cloth panels.

**ELLWANGEN-PFAHLHEIM**  
Sizeable section of Limes wall to a height of 0.75m preserved.

**41/// KASTELL HALHEIM**  
Bush hedge on the rampart of the enclosing wall marks the fort site.

**42/// MÖNCHSROTH**  
The Limes reaches the Bavarian border on the Mönchsroth-Eck am Berg road. Partially rebuilt stone tower south of Mönchsroth.

**43/// ROAD BETWEEN WILBURGSTETTEN AND GUNZENHAUSEN**  
Various Limes milestones. Restored tower north east of Grüb. Rebuilt section of the Rhaetian Limes wall on the east bank of Lake Dennenlohe.

**WITTELSHOFEN**  
Not overbuilt Roman fort with civilian settlement Ruffenhofen now an archaeological park.

**44/// GUNZENHAUSEN**  
Restored Limes towers with wooden palisade. Small fort with memorial stone.

**45/// THEILENHOFEN**  
Forts baths: walls from the last building phase excavated and preserved. Fort layout shown by footpaths and trees. Limes vantage point.

**46/// PLEINFELD**  
Rebuilt stone tower near Dorsbrunn.

**47/// ELLINGEN**  
Fort Sablonetum partially rebuilt after being completely excavated.

**48/// WEISSENBURG IN BAVARIA**  
Fort Biriciana: plaques mark the fortifications and stone inner buildings. North gate (porta decumana) rebuilt. Roman thermal baths – the largest excavated southern Germany open as a museum. The Roman Museum with its treasure trove is also the home of the Limes Information Centre Bayern (Bavaria).

**49/// BURGSAIACH**  
Small fort: unique Limes building construction in Europe paralleled only in North Africa. Limes wall partially preserved on site. Replica of a wooden watchtower.

**50/// ERKERTSHOFEN**  
Completely rebuilt stone tower and Limes Heritage Trail.

**51/// EICHSTÄTT**  
Roman section in the "Willibaldsburg" Castle Museum with finds from fort Pfünz and Böhming and the civilian settlement Nassenfels. Roman estate (villa rustica) Möckenlohe (9 km away) with Roman Agricultural Museum.

**52/// PFÜNZ**  
Fort: rebuilt north gate with adjoining wall sections with corner towers, other preserved walls. Unique, well preserved ditches, in Jurassic rock, which formed the outer fortification. Circular hiking trail with presentation boards in fort surroundings.

**535///BÖHMING**  
Fort with church in the camp. Fort defences recognisable as a rampart.

**54/// KIPFENBERG**  
Impressive Limes section in the form of a large embankment. Rebuilt wooden watchtower.

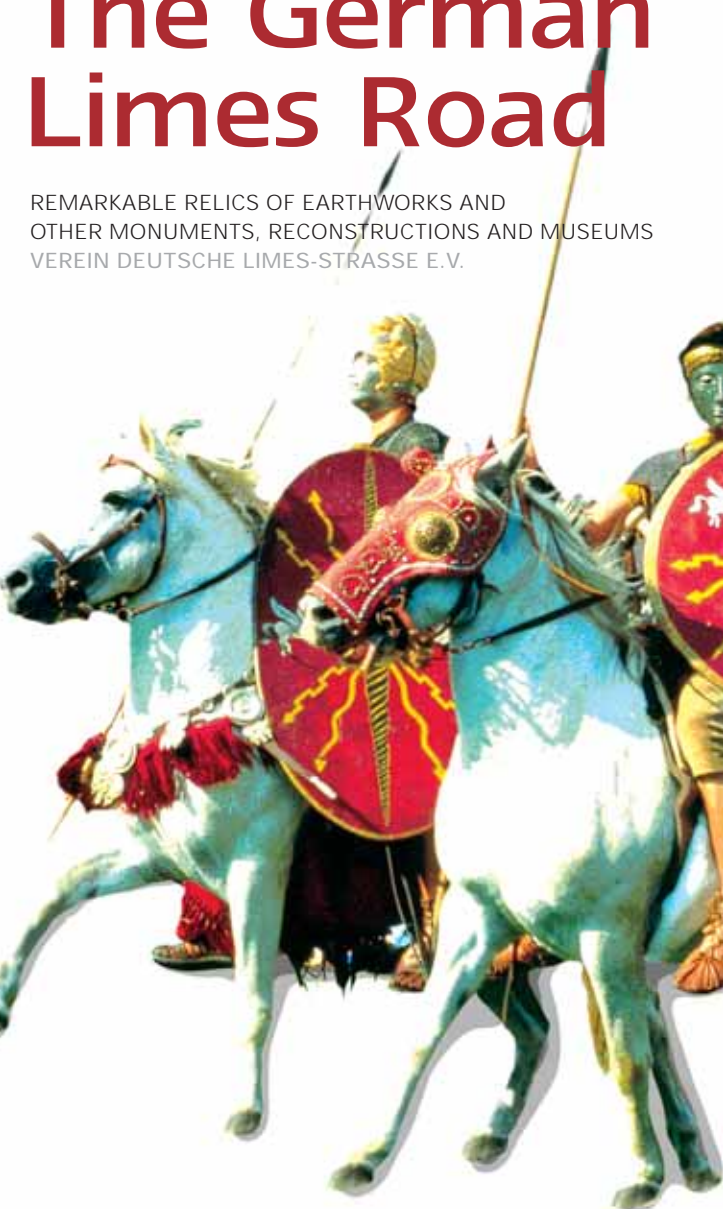
**PFÖRRING**  
Celeusum cavalry fort only visible on aerial photographs. The fort inscription integrated into the cemetery wall in Pförring.

**55/// NEUSTADT/DONAU**  
Roman Baths Museum (römisches Bade-museum) with excavations of parts of Roman public baths in Bad Gögging.

**56/// EINING (ABUSINA)**  
The most completely preserved fort in Bavaria.




**57/// REGENSBURG**  
The only legion camp in the Rhaetian province with about 25 hectares area. Parts of the Praetorian Gate, north gate facing the Danube, and large parts of enclosing wall are preserved. Large Roman section in the historical museum and Roman Museum in Regensburg-Prüfening (presumably the oldest brewery north of the Alps).

[www.limesstrasse.de](http://www.limesstrasse.de)



# The German Limes Road

REMARKABLE RELICS OF EARTHWORKS AND OTHER MONUMENTS, RECONSTRUCTIONS AND MUSEUMS  
VEREIN DEUTSCHE LIMES-STRASSE E.V.



Organisation der Vereinten Nationen für Bildung, Wissenschaft, Kultur und Kommunikation  
Grenzen des Römischen Reiches: Übergangsweg-Baureste Limes  
seit 2005



There are numerous historically interesting stations of Roman history in Rhineland-Palatinate, Hesse, Baden-Wuerttemberg and Bavaria en route. They include rebuilt towers and forts, or parts thereof, preserved fort and fort baths foundation walls, as well as sections of the border fortifications themselves, which can still be identified and, last but not least, these finds can be seen in smaller and larger museums. These stations are strung to each other like a row of pearls on a necklace, each one a Roman highlight in itself.

The outer Upper Germanic-Rhaetian Limes is one of the most outstanding archaeological monuments in Central Europe and was declared a UNESCO World Cultural Heritage Site in July 2005. Many of the today still visible Limes sites are, after the latest excavations by the Landesdenkmalämter (State Offices for the Protection of Historical Monuments) are in a good state of preservation. The Limes runs from Rheinbrohl to Regensburg, a distance of over 550 kilometres. The tourist route is more than 700 km in length. Parallel to this are also a Limes cycle path and hiking path.

We wish you an eventful journey with imposing impressions and important insights into the Roman history of this country, combined with relaxation in the beautiful and varying landscapes of the Roman Border Region.

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